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Infosafe No™ 3CHPL Issue Date : May 2021 RE-ISSUED by ABS

Product Name MAYER'S No.2 Haematoxylin

Not classified as hazardous

### 1. Identification

**GHS Product** 

MAYER'S No.2 Haematoxylin

**Identifier** 

AHM2 **Product Code** 

AUSTRALIAN BIOSTAIN Pty Ltd **Company Name** 

24 - 28 Stratton Drive, Address

Traralgon, Victoria, Australia, 3844

www.australianbiostain.com.au

Telephone/Fax Number

Tel: (03) 5176 2855

**Emergency phone** number

CHEMCALL (24 hours): 1800 127 406 (Australia) / +64-4-917-9888 (International)

E-mail Address

www.australianbiostain.com.au

the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use of Laboratory reagent.

**Other Information** 

Australian Biostain Pty Ltd does not warrant that this product is suitable for any use or purpose. The user must ascertain the suitability of the product before use or application intended purpose. Preliminary testing of the product before use or application is recommended. Any reliance or purported reliance upon Australian Biostain Pty Ltd with respect to any skill or judgement or advice in relation to the suitability of this product of any purpose is disclaimed. Except to the extent prohibited at law, any condition implied by any statute as to the merchantable quality of this product or fitness for any purpose is hereby excluded. This product is not sold by description. Where the provisions of Part V, Division 2 of the Trade Practices Act apply, the liability of Australian Biostain Pty Ltd is limited to the replacement of supply of equivalent goods or payment of the cost of replacing the goods or acquiring equivalent goods.

### 2. Hazard Identification

GHS classification of

the

substance/mixture

Classified as non-Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Not classified as dangerous goods according to the Australian Dangerous Goods

Code (ADG).

Protocols in which this material/reagent is used may greatly influence **Other Information** 

Risks/Hazards.

Even though a Hazard or Risk is not identified, this does not exclude that an

effect may or can occur.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredients	Name	CAS	Proportion	
	Glycerol	56-81-5	<35 %	
	Citric acid anhydrous	77-92-9	<5 %	
	Aluminium sulfate	7784-31-8	<5 %	
	Haematoxylin	517-28-2	<1 %	
	Sodium periodate	7790-28-5	<1 %	
	Water to make a total of 100%	of 7732-18-5		

### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Inhalation of any vapours from this product is not likely to present an acute

hazard. If inhaled, remove from contaminated area to fresh air immediately. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Immediately obtain medical aid if cough or other symptoms appear.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately, repeat until all traces of Ingestion product have been removed. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Seek medical advice if

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effects persist.

Irritation unlikely. If irritation occurs wash with plenty of soap and water. Skin

Immediately irrigate with copious quantity of water for at least 15 minutes. Eye contact

Eyelids to be held open. In all cases of eye contamination it is a sensible

precaution to seek medical advice.

Maintain eyewash fountain and safety shower in work area. **First Aid Facilities** 

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically based on judgement of doctor and individual reactions of

the patient.

**Other Information** For advice, contact the National Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia

13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazards from Combustion **Products** 

Only small quantities of decomposition products are expected from this product

at temperatures normally achieved in a fire. This will only occur after heating to dryness.

Temperature and combustion of material in vicinity may cause formation of toxic fumes.

Use extinguishing media most appropriate for the surrounding fire. No **Specific Methods** 

limitations to the type of extinguishing media.

Use water, CO2, or dry chemical depending upon other chemicals that may be

present in vicinity.

### 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal Precautions** 

Ensure that all handling is carried out in an area of good ventilation, Certified fume cupboards are recommended. Wear protective eyewear, nitrile

gloves and apron.

In the event of spill confined to fume cupboard, contain spill with paper towel or similar absorbent material, collect into biohazard bag and seal for disposal with relevant authority. For spills outside of fume cupboard, contain spread of spill with paper towel, sawdust or vermiculite, collect into biohazard bags, seal and dispose though relevant authority; clean up area with

cold (do not use hot water) soapy water.

**Personal Protection** 

Wear protective clothing specified for normal operations (see Section 8)

Clean-up Methods -**Small Spillages** 

Absorb or contain liquid with sand, earth or spill control material. Shovel up using non sparking tools and place in a labelled, sealable container for subsequent safe disposal. Put leaking containers in a labelled drum or

overdrum.

### 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for Safe** 

Avoid fumes.

Handling

Wear Safety glasses, gloves and protective apron.

Work in an area of good ventilation, an approved fume cupboard is preferred. No eating or drinking in workplace, wash hands whenever leaving work area.

TWA

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Keep containers tightly closed. Read safety directions before use.

Avoid contact with metals.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEL **Occupational** Name exposure limit values

> mg/m3 Footnote ppm mg/m3 ppm 10 Glycerol Glycerin

Other Exposure Information

These Workplace Exposure Standards are quides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

The STEL is an exposure value that should not be exceeded for more than 15

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minutes and should not be repeated for more than 4 times per day. should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The exposure value at the TWA is the average airborne concentration of a

particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5

day working week.

**Appropriate** engineering controls Maintain the concentrations values below the TWA. This may be achieved by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances

at the source, or other methods.

Respiratory **Protection** 

Not normally required.

Normally not required but if in doubt ensure eye protection complies with **Eye Protection** Australian Standards AS 1337 and be selected and used in accordance with AS

1336.

Wear gloves of impervious material conforming to AS/NZS 2161: Occupational **Hand Protection** 

protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance. Final choice of appropriate glove type will vary according to individual circumstances. This can include methods of handling, and engineering controls as determined by appropriate risk assessments. Avoid skin contact when removing gloves from hands, do not touch the gloves outer surface. Dispose of gloves as hazardous

**Personal Protective Equipment** 

Personal protective equipment should not solely be relied upon to control risk and should only be used when all other reasonably practicable control measures do not eliminate or sufficiently minimise risk. Guidance in selecting personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand

or other approved standards.

Always wash hands before smoking, eating or using the toilet. Wash **Hygiene Measures** 

contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or

re-using.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Purple liquid. **Appearance** 

Completely miscible Solubility in Water

10. Stability and reactivity

Stable. Reactivity

**Chemical Stability** Stable under normal use conditons.

Temperature extremes and direct sunlight. **Conditions to Avoid** 

**Incompatible** Materials

Strong oxidisers, metals.

Hazardous **Decomposition**  Only small quantities of decomposition products are expected from this product

at temperatures normally achieved in a fire. This will only occur after

heating to dryness. **Products** 

Will not occur. Hazardous

**Polymerization** 

11. Toxicological Information

Significant oral exposure is considered to be unlikely and is unlikely to Ingestion

cause any irritation problems in the short or long term.

Unlikely to cause any irritation or discomfort. Inhalation

Mild skin irritation may occur. Skin

Eye May be irritating to the eyes. Respiratory

sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Not classified based on available information. Skin Sensitisation Not classified based on available information. Germ cell

mutagenicity

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Carcinogenicity No significant ingredient is classified as carinogenic by Safe Work

Australiia.

No significant ingredient is classified as carinogenic by International Agency

for Reseach on Cancer.

Reproductive

Not classified based on available information.

Toxicity

STOT-single Not classified based on available information.

exposure

 $STOT ext{-repeated}$  Not classified based on available information.

exposure

Mutagenicity No information available.

Other Information 
Even though no information may be available or a risk is considered minimal,

this does not mean that an effect cannot occur. PLEASE NOTE: - PROTOCOLS IN

WHICH THIS SOLUTION IS USED, OR THE PROXIMITY OF OTHER REAGENTS MAY

SIGNIFICANTLY ALTER RISK STATUS.

### 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity No ecological data available for this product.

#### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal Considerations Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be disposed of according to relevant local, state and federal government regulations.

### 14. Transport information

Transport Information Not classified as a Dangerous Good according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG); by the IATA Air Transport Dangerous Goods Regulations; or by the IMDG (International Maritime Dangerous Goods) Code.

### 15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Information All the constituents of this product are listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS), or exempted. Not listed under WHS Regulation 2011, Schedule 10 - Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.

Poisons Schedule Not Scheduled

**HSNO Approval** 

HSNO GROUP STANDARD:

Number

HSR002596 Laboratory Chemical and Reagent Kits

### 16. Other Information

Literature References 'Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons .', Commonwealth of Australia.

National Road Transport Commission, 'Australian Code for the Transport of

Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail 7th. Ed.'.
Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Safety

Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals'. Standards Australia, 'SAA/SNZ HB 76:2010 Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency

Response Guide', Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand.
Safe Work Australia 'Hazardous Chemical Information System'

Safe Work Australia, 'Hazardous Chemical Information System'. Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Safe

Work Hazardous Substances'.

Safe Work Australia, 'National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment'.

Other Information

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