



Safety Data Sheet

infosafe
CS: 1.7.2

Page: 1 of 4

Infosafe No™ 3CHK5 Issue Date : November 2019 RE-ISSUED by AMBERSCI

Product Name : **EOSIN Y 5% Aqueous**

Not classified as hazardous

1. Identification

GHS Product Identifier	EOSIN Y 5% Aqueous
Product Code	AOE5
Company Name	AMBER SCIENTIFIC Pty LTD
Address	24 - 28 Stratton Drive Traralgon Victoria 3844 Australia
Telephone/Fax Number	Tel: (03) 5176 2855
Emergency phone number	CHEMCALL (24 hours): 1800 127 406 (Australia) / +64-4-917-98888 (International)
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	Laboratory reagent.
Other Information	Amber Scientific Pty Ltd does not warrant that this product is suitable for any use or purpose. The user must ascertain the suitability of the product before use or application intended purpose. Preliminary testing of the product before use or application is recommended. Any reliance or purported reliance upon Amber Scientific Pty Ltd with respect to any skill or judgement or advice in relation to the suitability of this product of any purpose is disclaimed. Except to the extent prohibited at law, any condition implied by any statute as to the merchantable quality of this product or fitness for any purpose is hereby excluded. This product is not sold by description. Where the provisions of Part V, Division 2 of the Trade Practices Act apply, the liability of Amber Scientific Pty Ltd is limited to the replacement of supply of equivalent goods or payment of the cost of replacing the goods or acquiring equivalent goods.

2. Hazard Identification

GHS classification of the substance/mixture	Classified as non-Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.
Other Information	Not classified as dangerous goods according to the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG). Protocols in which this material/reagent is used may greatly influence Risks/Hazards. Even though a Hazard or Risk is not identified, this does not exclude that an effect may or can occur.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredients	Name	CAS	Proportion	Hazard Symbol	Risk Phrase
	Ethanol	64-17-5	5 %		
	Eosin Y	17372-87-1	5 %		
	Sodium acetate anhydrous	127-09-3	1.345 %		
	Acetic acid	64-19-7	0.18 %		
	Phloxine B	18472-87-2	0.15 %		
	Sodium azide	26628-22-8	0.02 %		
	Thymol	89-83-8	0.01 %		
	Water to make a total of 100%	7732-18-5	-		

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Inhalation of any vapours from this product is not likely to present an acute hazard. If inhaled, remove from contaminated area to fresh air immediately. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid if cough or other symptoms appear.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately, repeat until all traces of product have been removed. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Seek medical advice if effects persist.
Skin	Irritation unlikely. If irritation occurs wash with plenty of soap and water.
Eye contact	If contact with the eye(s) occurs, wash with copious amounts of water for approximately 15 minutes holding eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the non-affected eye. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
First Aid Facilities	Maintain eyewash fountain and safety shower in work area.
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically based on judgement of doctor and individual reactions of the patient.
Other Information	For advice, contact the National Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

5. Fire-fighting measures



Safety Data Sheet

Infosafe No™ 3CHK5 Issue Date : November 2019 RE-ISSUED by AMBERSCI

Product Name : **EOSIN Y 5% Aqueous**

Not classified as hazardous

Hazards from Combustion Products Specific Methods Only small quantities of decomposition products are expected from this product at temperatures normally achieved in a fire. This will only occur after heating to dryness. Temperature and combustion of material in vicinity may cause formation of toxic fumes. Use extinguishing media most appropriate for the surrounding fire. No limitations to the type of extinguishing media. Use water, CO₂, or dry chemical depending upon other chemicals that may be present in vicinity.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Ensure that all handling is carried out in an area of good ventilation, Certified fume cupboards are recommended. Wear protective eyewear, nitrile gloves and apron. In the event of spill confined to fume cupboard, contain spill with paper towel or similar absorbent material, collect into biohazard bag and seal for disposal with relevant authority. For spills outside of fume cupboard, contain spread of spill with paper towel, sawdust or vermiculite, collect into biohazard bags, seal and dispose through relevant authority; clean up area with cold (do not use hot water) soapy water.

Personal Protection Wear protective clothing specified for normal operations (see Section 8)

Clean-up Methods - Small Spillages Absorb or contain liquid with sand, earth or spill control material. Shovel up using non sparking tools and place in a labelled, sealable container for subsequent safe disposal. Put leaking containers in a labelled drum or overdrum.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for Safe Handling Wear Safety glasses, gloves and protective apron. Work in an area of good ventilation, an approved fume cupboard is preferred. No eating or drinking in workplace, wash hands whenever leaving work area.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in a cool, well ventilated area, out of direct sunlight. Keep containers closed when not in use. Store in original container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limit values	Name	STEL		TWA		Footnote
		mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	
	Ethanol			1880	1000	
	Acetic acid	37	15	25	10	
	Sodium azide			0.3	0.11	Peak limitation

Other Exposure Information No exposure standards have been established for this product by Safe Work Australia, however, the TWA exposure standard for dusts/mists not otherwise specified is 10 mg/m³. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. Safe Work Australia has established the above exposure limits for Ethanol, Sodium azide and Acetic acid. These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity. The STEL is an exposure value that should not be exceeded for more than 15 minutes and should not be repeated for more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The exposure value at the TWA is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. PEAK LIMITATION. For some rapidly acting substances and irritants, the averaging of the airborne concentration over an eight-hour period is inappropriate. These substances may induce acute effects after relatively brief exposure to high concentrations and so the exposure standard for these substances represents a maximum or peak concentration to which workers may be exposed. Although it is recognised that there are analytical limitations to the measurement of some substances, compliance with these 'peak limitation' exposure standards should be determined over the shortest analytically practicable period of time, but under no circumstances should a single determination exceed 15 minutes.



Safety Data Sheet

Infosafe No™ 3CHK5 Issue Date : November 2019 RE-ISSUED by AMBERSCI

Product Name : **EOSIN Y 5% Aqueous**

Not classified as hazardous

Appropriate engineering controls	Maintain the concentrations values below the TWA. This may be achieved by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods.
Respiratory Protection	Not normally required.
Eye Protection	Normally not required but if in doubt ensure eye protection complies with Australian Standards AS 1337 and be selected and used in accordance with AS 1336.
Hand Protection	Wear gloves of impervious material conforming to AS/NZS 2161: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance. Final choice of appropriate glove type will vary according to individual circumstances. This can include methods of handling, and engineering controls as determined by appropriate risk assessments. Avoid skin contact when removing gloves from hands, do not touch the gloves outer surface. Dispose of gloves as hazardous waste.
Personal Protective Equipment	Personal protective equipment should not solely be relied upon to control risk and should only be used when all other reasonably practicable control measures do not eliminate or sufficiently minimise risk. Guidance in selecting personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand or other approved standards.
Hygiene Measures	Always wash hands before smoking, eating or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Red liquid.
Odour	Faint odour of thymol.
Solubility in Water	Soluble in all proportions.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Stable.
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal use conditons.
Conditions to Avoid	Temperature extremes and direct sunlight.
Incompatible Materials	Strong oxidisers, metals.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Only small quantities of decomposition products are expected from this product at temperatures normally achieved in a fire. This will only occur after heating to dryness.
Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur.

11. Toxicological Information

Ingestion	Significant oral exposure is considered to be unlikely and is unlikely to cause any irritation problems in the short or long term.
Inhalation	Unlikely to cause any irritation or discomfort.
Skin	Mild skin irritation may occur.
Eye	May be irritating to the eyes.
Carcinogenicity	No significant ingredient is classified as carinogenic by Safe Work Australia. No significant ingredient is classified as carinogenic by International Agency for Reseach on Cancer.
Mutagenicity	No information available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	No ecological data available for this product.
--------------------	--

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal Considerations	Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be disposed of according to relevant local, state and federal government regulations.
--------------------------------	---

14. Transport information

Transport Information	Not classified as a Dangerous Good according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.
------------------------------	--

15. Regulatory information



Safety Data Sheet

infosafe
CS: 1.7.2

Page: 4 of 4

Infosafe No™ 3CHK5 Issue Date : November 2019 RE-ISSUED by AMBERSCI

Product Name : **EOSIN Y 5% Aqueous**

Not classified as hazardous

Regulatory Information Listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

Poisons Schedule Not Scheduled

16. Other Information

Literature 'Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons .', Commonwealth of Australia.
References Lewis, Richard J. Sr. 'Hawley's Condensed Chemical Dictionary 13th. Ed.', Rev., John Wiley and Sons, Inc., NY, 1997.
National Road Transport Commission, 'Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail 7th. Ed.', 2007.
Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals', 2011.
Standards Australia, 'SAA/SNZ HB 76:2010 Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency Response Guide', Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand, 2010.
Safe Work Australia, 'Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC:1008 (2004)]'.
Safe Work Australia, 'Hazardous Chemical Information System, 2005'.
Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Safe Work Hazardous Substances (2011)'.
Safe Work Australia, 'National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995) 3rd Edition]'.
Contact Person/Point Amber Scientific Pty Ltd does not warrant that this product is suitable for any use or purpose. The user must ascertain the suitability of the product before use or application intended purpose. Preliminary testing of the product before use or application is recommended. Any reliance or purported reliance upon Amber Scientific Pty Ltd with respect to any skill or judgement or advice in relation to the suitability of this product of any purpose is disclaimed. Except to the extent prohibited at law, any condition implied by any statute as to the merchantable quality of this product or fitness for any purpose is hereby excluded. This product is not sold by description. Where the provisions of Part V, Division 2 of the Trade Practices Act apply, the liability of Amber Scientific Pty Ltd is limited to the replacement of supply of equivalent goods or payment of the cost of replacing the goods or acquiring equivalent goods.
...End Of MSDS...

© Copyright ACOHS Pty Ltd

Copyright in the source code of the HTML, PDF, XML, XFO and any other electronic files rendered by an Infosafe system for Infosafe MSDS displayed is the intellectual property of Acohs Pty Ltd.

Copyright in the layout, presentation and appearance of each Infosafe MSDS displayed is the intellectual property of Acohs Pty Ltd.
The compilation of MSDS's displayed is the intellectual property of Acohs Pty Ltd.

Copying of any MSDS displayed is permitted for personal use only and otherwise is not permitted. In particular the MSDS's displayed cannot be copied for the purpose of sale or licence or for inclusion as part of a collection of MSDS without the express written consent of Acohs Pty Ltd.