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RE-ISSUED by ABS

Infosafe No™ 3CHG3

Issue Date :October 2020

Product Name ETHANOL Denatured

Classified as hazardous

1 1 1 4.6. 4.			
1. Identification			
GHS Product Identifier	ETHANOL Denatured		
Company Name	AUSTRALIAN BIOSTAIN Pty Ltd		
Address	24 - 28 Stratton Drive,		
	Traralgon, Victoria, Australia, 3844 www.australianbiostain.com.au		
Telephone/Fax	Tel: (03) 5176 2855		
Number			
Emergency phone	CHEMCALL (24 hours): 1800 127 406 (Australia)	/ +64-4-917-9888 (International)	
number E-mail Address	www.australianbiostain.com.au		
the chemical and restrictions on use	Laboratory reagent.		
Other Names	Name	Product Code	
	ETHANOL Denatured 50%	AE50	
	SANITISING ALCOHOL (Ethanol Denatured 70%)	AE70	
	SANITISING ALCOHOL (Ethanol Denatured 80%)	AE80	
	ETHANOL Denatured 90%	AE90	
	CYTOETHANOL (Ethanol Denatured 95%) HISTOETHANOL (Ethanol denatured 100%)	AEC AEH	
Other Information	Australian Biostain Pty Ltd does not warrant that this product is suitable for any use or purpose. The user must ascertain the suitability of the product before use or application intended purpose. Preliminary testing of the product before use or application is recommended. Any reliance or purported reliance upon Australian Biostain Pty Ltd with respect to any skill or judgement or advice in relation to the suitability of this product of any purpose is disclaimed. Except to the extent prohibited at law, any condition implied by any statute as to the merchantable quality of this product or fitness for any purpose is hereby excluded. This product is not sold by description. Where the provisions of Part V, Division 2 of the Trade Practices Act apply, the liability of Australian Biostain Pty Ltd is limited to the replacement of supply of equivalent goods or payment of the cost of replacing the goods or acquiring equivalent goods.		
2. Hazard Identifi			
GHS classification of the	Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A Flammable Liquids: Category 2		
substance/mixture			
Signal Word (s)	DANGER		
Hazard Statement (s)	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.		
Pictogram (s)	Flame, Exclamation mark,		
Precautionary statement – Prevention	P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ho P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equip P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilatin P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against stati	ment. g/lighting//equipment.	



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Infosafe No™ 3CHG3 RE-ISSUED by ABS Issue Date :October 2020 Product Name ETHANOL Denatured Classified as hazardous P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all Precautionary contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. statement – Response P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction. P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Precautionary statement - Storage P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant. Precautionary statement - Disposal

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Composition, information on ingredients		of (F3) Methanol (2% v onium Benzoate (0.0016%	/v), (F7)Sucrose Octa-acetate ).
Ingredients	Name	CAS	Proportion
	Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	50-95 %
	Water and denaturar make total of 100%	nts to	0-5 %
4. First-aid mea	asures		

#### If inhaled, remove from contaminated area to fresh air immediately. Apply Inhalation artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical aid if cough or other symptoms appear. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately, repeat until all traces of product have been removed. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Seek medical advice if Ingestion effects persist. Skin Wash affected areas with copious quantities of water immediately. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. If swelling, redness, blistering or irritation occurs seek medical advice. Eye contact Immediately irrigate with copious quantity of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held open. If rapid recovery does not occur, obtain medical attention **First Aid Facilities** Maintain eyewash fountain and safety shower in work area. Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically based on judgement of doctor and individual reactions of the patient. For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone eg Australia 13 1126; **Other Information** New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor at once.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazards from Combustion Products	Oxides of carbon.
Specific Methods	Caution: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient. Small fire: Use foam, dry chemical, CO2 or water spray. Large fire: Use foam, fog or water spray - Do not use water jets. If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: These products have a low flash point - Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames at ambient temperatures. Vapours will form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours will travel to source of ignition and flash back. Fire may produce irritating, poisonous and/or corrosive gases. Containers may explode when heated. Many liquids are lighter than water. Many vapours are heavier than air and will collect in low or confined areas (drains, basements, tanks). Vapours from run-off may create an explosion hazard.



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Hazchem Code• 2YEPrecautions in<br/>connection with FireSCBA and structural firefighter's uniform may provide limited protection.<br/>Fully-encapsulating, gas-tight suits should be worn for maximum protection.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Spills & Disposal	ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flame) within at least 50m - All equipment used in handling the product must be earthed. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Vapour-suppressing foam may be used to control vapours. Absorb spill with earth, sand or other non-combustible material - Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect material and place it in loosely-covered metal or plastic containers for later disposal. Water spray may be used to knock down or divert vapour clouds. SEEK EXPERT ADVICE ON HANDLING AND DISPOSAL.
<b>Personal Precautions</b>	Evacuate the area of all non-essential personnel. Remove ignition sources
Personal Protection	Wear protective clothing specified for normal operations (see Section 8)

### 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for Safe Handling	Do not breathe vapour. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place Keep away from heat and other sources of ignition. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store away from strong acids. Keep containers securely sealed and protected against physical damage. Do not store in pits or basements where vapours may become entrapped. Do not store in aluminium containers. Take precautionary measures against static electricity discharges.
Storage Regulations	Refer Australian Standard AS 1940-2017 'The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids'.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational	Name	ST	EL		TWA	
exposure limit values		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Footnote
	Ethyl alcohol			1880	1000	
Other Exposure Information	These Workplace Exposure St occupational health hazards as low a level as is workab be used as fine dividing li chemicals. They are not a m A time weighted average (TW Work Australia) of 1,880 mg the average airborne concen over a normal 8 hour working	. All atm le. These nes betwee easure of A) has be /m³, (1,0 tration of g day for	ospheric workplac en safe a relative en establ 00 ppm). f a parti a 5 day	contamin e exposu nd dange toxicit ished fo The expo cular su working	nation sho ure standa erous conc ty. or Ethyl a osure valu ubstance w week.	ould be kept to ards should not centrations of alcohol (Safe are at the TWA is ohen calculated
Appropriate engineering controls	Maintain the concentrations process modification, use o at the source, or other met	f local e			-	-
Respiratory Protection	Where ventilation is not ad Avoid breathing vapours or a with AS 1716 - Respiratory with AS 1715 - Selection, U Devices. When mists or vap the following is recommended dust/mist filters. Filter levels.	mists. Se Protective se and Ma ours excee d: Approve	elect and e Devices intenance ed the ex ed respir	use res and be of Resp posure s ator wit	spirators selected piratory E standards th organic	in accordance in accordance Protective then the use of e vapour and
Eye Protection	The use of a face shield, c protection as appropriate. be selected and used in acc	Must com	ply with	Austral:	2	
Hand Protection	Wear gloves of impervious m protective gloves - Selecti		2			1



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	appropriate glove type will vary according to individual circumstances. This can include methods of handling, and engineering controls as determined by appropriate risk assessments. Avoid skin contact when removing gloves from hands, do not touch the gloves outer surface. Dispose of gloves as hazardous waste.
Personal Protective Equipment	Personal protective equipment should not solely be relied upon to control risk and should only be used when all other reasonably practicable control measures do not eliminate or sufficiently minimise risk. Guidance in selecting personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand or other approved standards.
Footwear	Safety boots in industrial situations is advisory, foot protection should comply with AS 2210, Occupational protective footwear - Guide to selection, care and use. Recommendation: Rubber boots.
Body Protection	Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Clean clothing or protective clothing should be worn, preferably with an apron. Clothing for protection against chemicals should comply with AS 3765 Clothing for Protection Against Hazardous Chemicals.
Hygiene Measures	Always wash hands before smoking, eating or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>7.</b> I hysical and ch	
Form	Liquid
Appearance	Colourless, transparent, volatile liquid.
Odour	Ethereal vinous odour.
Melting Point	-117.3 °C - 100% -114 °C - 95%
<b>Boiling Point</b>	78.3 °C - 100% 78 °C - 95%
Solubility in Water	Miscible.
Solubility in Organic Solvents	Miscible with methanol, ether, chloroform and acetone.
Specific Gravity	0.7893 - 100% 0.8042 - 95% 0.8676 - 70%
Flash Point	9 °C - 100% 12.7 °C - 95%
Flammability	HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. Keep away from heat, sparks or naked flames. Use flameproof equipment and fittings to prevent flammability risk. Electrically link and ground metal containers for transfer of the product to prevent accumulation of static electricity. Ensure adequate ventilation to prevent an explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapours will travel considerable distances to sources of ignition.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	422 °C - 95%
Flammable Limits - Lower	3.5% - 100%
Flammable Limits - Upper	19% - 100%
Molecular Weight	46.08
Other Information	Taste: Pungent taste.

### 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical Stability	Stable under normal use conditons.
<b>Conditions to Avoid</b>	Heat, sparks, flame and build-up of static electricity.
Incompatible Materials	Oxidising agents, peroxides, acids, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, alkali metals and ammonia.

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Hazardous Decomposition	May liberate toxic fumes in fire producing carbon monoxide and or carbon dioxide.
Products	
Hazardous	Will not occur.
Polymerization	

### **11. Toxicological Information**

Acute Toxicity - Oral	LD50 (rat): 10,470 mg/kg
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation	LC50 (rat): 124.7 mg/L 4 hour
Ingestion	May cause nausea, vomiting, headache, dizziness, gastric irritation and CNS depression.
Inhalation	Irritating to the mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Risk of absorption. May cause headaches, dizziness, nausea and possible CNS effects.
Skin	May cause irritation. Will have a degreasing action on the skin.
Eye	May cause irritation and watering. High concentrations of vapours may cause irritation.
Respiratory sensitisation	Not classified based on available information.
Skin Sensitisation	Not classified based on available information.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified based on available information.
Carcinogenicity	Ethanol [61-17-5] in alcoholic beverages are evaluated in the IARC Monographs (Vol. 96) as Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans, (based on effects of drinking alcoholic beverages). Safe Work Australia does not classify ethanol as a carcinogen.
Reproductive Toxicity	Not classified based on available information.
STOT-single exposure	Not classified based on available information.
STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified based on available information.
Health Hazard	Though it is rapidly oxidized in the body and is therefore non-cumulative, ingestion of even moderate amounts causes lowering of inhibitions, often succeeded by dizziness, headache, or nausea. Larger intake causes loss of motor nerve control, shallow respiration, and in extreme cases unconsciousness and even death. Degree of intoxication is determined by concentration of alcohol in the brain. Of primary importance is the fact that intake of moderate amounts together with barbiturates or similar drugs is extremely dangerous and may even be fatal.
Chronic Effects	Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause chronic dermatitis. May cause liver and kidney disorders.
Mutagenicity	No evidence of mutagenic properties.

# **12.** Ecological information

Persistence and degradability Mobility	Readily biodegradable. Degree of elimination: 94% log P(o/w): -0.32.
Bioaccumulative Potential	Low probability of bioaccumulation (log P(o/w) <1). Further ecologic data: BOD5: 0.93 - 1.67 g/g (anhydrous substance); COD: 1.99 g/g (anhydrous substance); ThOD: 2.10 g/g (anhydrous substance).
Short Summary of Assessment of Environmental Impact	No ecological problems are to be expected when the product is handled and used with due care and attention.



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13. Disposal cons	iderations
Disposal Considerations	Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be disposed of according to relevant local, state and federal government regulations.
14. Transport inf	ormation
Transport Information	Dangerous goods of Class 3 (Flammable Liquid) are incompatible in a placard load with any of the following: Class 1, Class 2.1, if both the Class 3 and Class 2.1 dangerous goods are in bulk, Class 2.3, Class 4.2, Class 5, Class 6, if the Class 3 dangerous goods are nitromethane, Class 7.
U.N. Number	1170
UN proper shipping name	ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL)
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Hazchem Code	•2YE
Packing Group	II
EPG Number	3A1
IERG Number	14
15. Regulatory in	formation
Regulatory Information	All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are compliant with Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) regulations. Not listed under WHS Regulation 2011, Schedule 10 - Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.
<b>Poisons Schedule</b>	Not Scheduled
16. Other Inform	ation
Literature References	'Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons .', Commonwealth of Australia. National Road Transport Commission, 'Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail 7th. Ed.'. Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice fot the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals'. Standards Australia, 'SAA/SNZ HB 76:2010 Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency Response Guide', Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand. Safe Work Australia, 'Hazardous Chemical Information System'. Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Safe Work Hazardous Substances'. Safe Work Australia, 'National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment'.
Empirical Formula & Structural Formula	СНЗСН2ОН
Other Information	DISCLAIMER STATEMENT: All information provided in this data sheet or by our technical representatives is compiled from the best knowledge available to us. However, since data, safety standards and government regulations are subject to change and the conditions of handling and use, or misuse, are beyond our control, we make no warranty either expressed or implied, with respect to the completeness or accuracy to the information contained herein. Australian Biostain Pty Ltd accepts no responsibility whatsoever for its accuracy or for any results that may be obtained by customers from using the data and disclaims all liability for reliance on information provided in this data sheet or by our technical representatives.

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